# **NATIONAL BOARD OF EXAMINATIONS**



Guidelines

of

**Competency Based Training Programme** 

in

Physiology

# FORMAT FOR GUIDELINES OF COMPETENCY BASED TRAINING PROGRAMME IN PHYSIOLOGY

#### 1. Goals:

The postgraduate course in the subject of Physiology should enable a medical graduates to be

- 1. A competent Physiologist
- A good medical teacher in Physiology practicing the required skills of teaching

### 2. Objectives:

At the end of the course a Postgraduate student in Physiology should be able to

- Demonstrate comprehensive knowledge and understanding of general and systemic physiology
- 2. Comprehend and understand physiological basis of health and disease affecting various organs systems
- 3. Select and use appropriate teaching techniques and resources
- 4. Critically evaluate published journal literature and to effectively use the library facilities including computer, CD rom and statellite search
- 5. Carry out relevant research
- 6. Function as an effective member of a teaching team or research team
- 7. Carry out professional obligations ethically and keeping in view the national health policy.

### **Syllabus**

1. Primary (Part-I)

Paper I be titled as "General Physiology including history of Physiology"

Final (Part II)

Paper III "Systemic Physiology (iii) including Recent Advances

Add Paper IV - "Thematic depiction"

- 2. Under the Head of Syllabus (Part I) against Paper I at the end add -"Hisotory of Physiology"
- 3. Against Paper II at the end add "Comparative Physiology"
- 4. Under the Caption Part II Final: against Paper II add "E. titled "Behavioral Physiology with Yoga, Meditation"
- 5. Practical training

### **Animal Experiment**

- (i) Amphibian
- a. Free load and after load
- b. Effect of continuous repeated stimulation (study of phenomena of Fatigue)
- c. Length of tension diagrams
- d. Properties of cardiac muscle Long refractory period, All or None Law
- e. Extrasystole and compensatory pause, Beneficial effect
- f. Regulation of Heart, Vagus dissection and effect of vagal stimulation
- g. Actions of acetyl chlorine, adrenaline and nicotine on heart
- h. Perfusion of isolated frogs heart-role of sodium, potassium, calcium ions

### (ii) Mammalian

- a. General management of Mammalian experiments
- b. Recording of Blood pleasure and respiration on dogs and also the

- effects of various factors
- Recording of effect of stimulation of vagus nerve on blood pressure and respiration in the dog
- d. Stimulation of central and peripheral end of vagus on arterial pressure after vagotomy
- e. Effect of drug-adrenaline and acetyl choline on blood pressure and respiration in the dog
- f. Intestinal movement and tone
- g. Effect of adrenaline on intestinal movement and tone
- h. Occlusion of carotid arteries on blood pressure and respiration
- i. Stimulation of splanchnic nerve (distal end) on arterial pressure

#### B Human Physiology

- I Clinical Physiology
  - a. Elementary principles of clinical examination
  - b. Methods of Inspection/palpation/ percussion/auscultation
  - Plan of conduction and scheme of recording
  - d. General examination
- i. Cardiovascular system
  - a. Clinical examination of circulatory system
  - b. Examination of pulse, blood vessels and measurements of blood pressure
- ii. Respiratory system
  - a. Clinical examination of respiratory system
- iii. Abdominal system
  - a. Clinical examination of Abdomen

#### iv. Central nervous system

- a. Clinical examination of the nervous system and its physiological basis
- b. Examination of higher mental functions
- c. Clinical examination of the special senses including cranial nerves
- d. Tests of Hearing and Deafness
- e. Motor functions
- f. Reflex functions
- g. Sensory functions
- v. Ophthalmology
  - a. Clinical examination of the eye and pupillary reflex
  - b. Visual acuity
  - c. Perimetery
  - d. Accommodation
  - e. Color vision and color blindness
  - f. Fundoscopy

# **Laboratory Procedures**

- i. Haematology
  - a. Haemocytometory
  - b. Determination of reticulocyte count, platelet count WBC count, RBC count, Eosionphil count in normal and diseased state
  - b. Differential count of WBC
  - c. Haemoglobinometary spectroscopy.
  - d. Blood grouping and Cross matching
  - e. Determination of Beeding time and Clotting time
  - f. Haemolysis and Fragility tests
- ii. Cardiovascular system
  - a. Electrocardiography ECG and its

#### interpretation

- iii. Respiratory system
  - a. Spirometery
  - b. Assessment of ventilatory functions
  - c. Alveolar air, breath holding and endurance tests
  - Recording of lung function tests by computerized or electronic spirometer
  - e. Sthethography
  - f. Resuscitation and artificial respiration

#### iii. Reproductive system

- Methods to determine ovulation time
   by Basal body temperature chart, cervical smear, and vaginal smear.
- b. Pregnancy diagnostic tests -Immunological test
- c. Sperm count
- iv. Nerve muscle physiology
  - a. Ergography
  - b. Recording of EMG nerve conduction both sensory and motor

#### v. Others

- a. Construction of dietary chart for growing children (ii) hyper tensive patients, (iii) Diabetic mellitus patients
- b. Tests for physical fitness
  - a. Lab Harvard step test
- c. Bicycle Ergometry
  - a. Treadmill protocols leading to determination of vo 2 max
  - b. Cardio respiratory response to whole body exercise

## Clinical Biochemistry

a. Estimation of normal and abnormal

- constituents of urine
- b. Estimation of Blood sugar
- c. Estimation of Serum calcium
- d. Kidney function test
- e. Liver function test
- f. Gastric function tests (excluding fractional test meal)
- g. Glucose tolerance tests

Under the caption Recommending Reading the following be added:

- Keele, Samson and Wright's Applied Physiology
- Best and Taylor Physiological basis for medical practice
- 3. Guyton Text book of Medical Physiology
- 4. Ganong Review of Medical Physiology
- 5. Cambeell, Clinical Physiology
- 6. P F Backer Recent advances in Physiology
- 7. Vernon B Mount Castle, Medical Physiology Vol I and II
- 8. Carl J wiggers Physiology in Health and Disease
- 9. Williams Text of Endocrinology
- 10. West and Todd Text Book of Biochemistry and Physiology
- 11. Harper's Biochemistry
- 12. Duncon Disease of Metabolism
- 13. John Field H W Magou Hand Book of Neuro Physiology
- 14. Carpenter, Neurophysiology
- 15. Wallance O Fen Handbook of Respiraoty Physiology
- 16. Prosser Experimental Physiology

- 17. Prosser Comparative Animal Physiology, Mannual
- 18. Wintrobe's Clinical Haematology
- 20. Kelmen Applied Cardiovascular Physiology
- 21. Brown, Cell signaling, Biology and Medicine of Signal transudation
- 22. Byrne Introduction of Memberane Transport and Bioelectricity
- 23. Sudarasky Patho physiology of the nervous system

#### **Journals**

By American Physiological Society - Journal of Applied Physiology, Physiological Reviews, Annual Review of Physiology, Advances in Physiological Education and Recent advances in Physiology

- b. British Publication Journal of Physiology
- c. Association of Physiologist and Pharmaclogists of India - Indian Journal of Physiologists
- d. Indian Council of Medical Research Indian Journal of Medical Research